

COLONIZATION AND AFRICANS BY COLLEEN SULLIVAN

STANDARD 4.1.CO COMPARE THE INTERACTIONS AMONG CULTURAL GROUPS AS A RESULT OF EUROPEAN COLONIZATION

Transatlantic Slave Trade



The Africans who came to Virginia in 1619 had been taken from Angola in West Central Africa. They were captured in a series of wars that was part of much broader Portuguese hostilities against the Kongo and Ndongo kingdoms, and other states.

The Journey



Africans were put on board the San Juan Bautista, which carried 350 captives bound for Vera Cruz, on the coast of Mexico, in the summer of 1619.

New Land



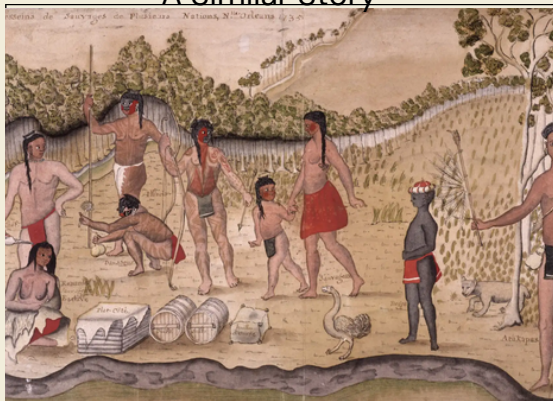
The Portuguese ship, was destined for another place but ended up in Jamestown where Africans were sold as indentured servants.

Native Americans



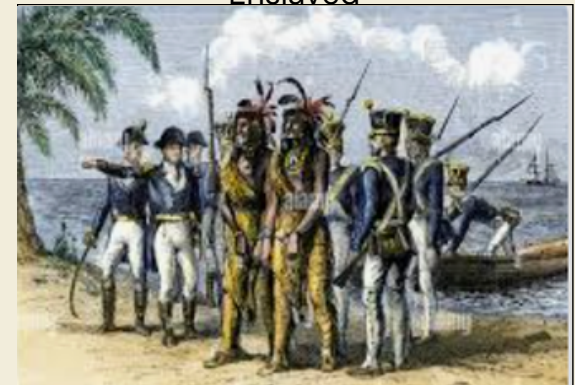
Native Americans had a complicated history with the colonists. Tensions were high due to starvation, conflict, disease and the new arrival of the Africans.

A Similar Story



Native and Africans found themselves in similar situations in the colonies of indentured work and captured combatants.

Enslaved



While Native Americans were used as free labor often, it wasn't until 1636 that they were enslaved in massive numbers.

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Life in the New World



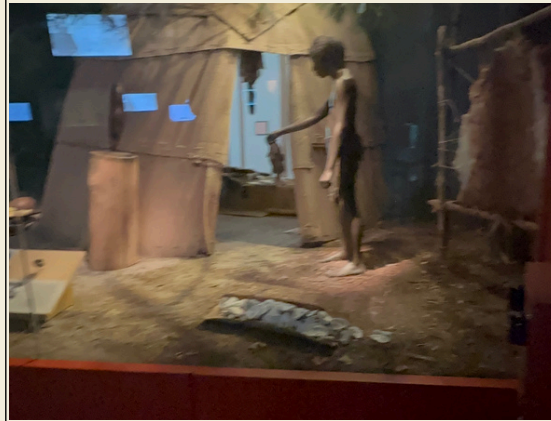
Both Africans and Native Americans were used to aid in the survival of the settlements. They were used for labor both in the homes and with farming.

Tobacco



Africans knowledge of such crops, especially tobacco, were vital to the growth and development of the Virginia colony.

Survival



Native Americans were utilized for the knowledge of the land to help colonists survive with their knowledge of crops and farming

Tensions



Relations between the cultural groups of the New colonies were precarious and uncertain.

Cash Crops



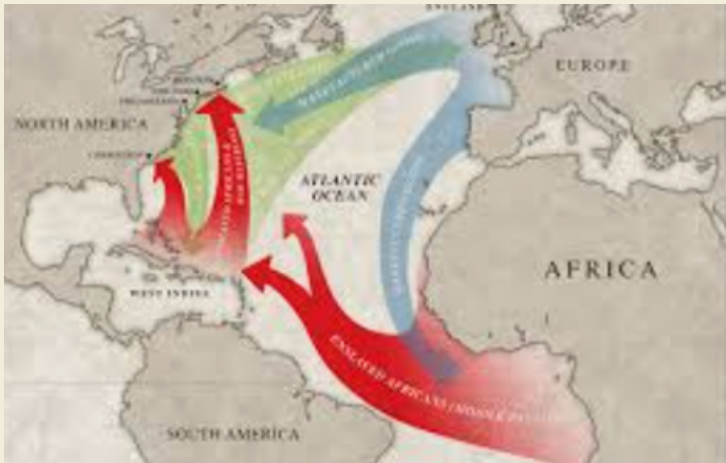
They were used to aid in the survival of the settlements. They were used for labor both in the homes and with farming. they provided expert knowledge of tobacco cultivation to the Virginia Company



The arrival at Point Comfort marked a new chapter in the history of the trans-Atlantic slave trade, which began in the early 1500s and continued into the mid-1800s.

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Jamestown, Virginia was a settlement that was one of many that started the interactions of the cultural groups of the colonist, native Americans and Africans. This colony set a precedent of how these cultures interacted with each other and the history behind these groups. Africans were a part of the settlement of America along with the colonists and Native Americans. Prior to 1619, hundreds of thousands of Africans, both free and enslaved, aided the establishment and survival of colonies in the Americas and the New World. They were used to aid in the survival of the settlements. They were used for labor both in the homes and with farming. This set the precedent for how Africans were utilized for hundreds of years.